

INCLUSIVE DATA CHARTER, THREE YEARS ON



The Inclusive Data Charter (IDC) is an open and growing initiative, supporting governments and organizations to put inclusivity at the center of their data systems.



Launched in 2018, the IDC has grown in scale and depth of impact:

27 CHAMPION commitments

40 KNOWLEDGE PRODUCTS and articles published

13 COLLABORATIONS catalyzed

36 EVENTS convened

52 ORGANIZATIONS engaged through IDC collaborations

Anganwadi workers interact with a woman during a door-to-door survey on the outskirts of Beawar, India. Credit: Sumit Saraswat, Shutterstock

HIGHLIGHTS

By engaging with the IDC and advancing their inclusive data priorities in 2021, IDC Champions:

84%

Strengthened coordination and collaboration with others and exchanged knowledge on inclusive data

- A coalition of IDC Champions launched a series of knowledge products on [intersectional approaches to data](#).
- Over 50% of Champions plan to utilize this content to advance their inclusive data work and have shared the content with their partners and networks.
- **HelpAge** trained partners on inclusive data collection and use in emergencies, including responding to floods in Western Uganda, where, alongside local partners, they influenced the government's approach to inclusive data.
- **Colombia's National Administrative Department of Statistics** advanced national stakeholders' capacities and engagement on intersectional and differential data approaches, including through a free virtual course and [micro website](#).
- **IOM's Global Migration Data Analysis Centre** launched the first migrant-inclusive [data disaggregation guide](#) for the SDGs.
- **The World Bank** supported more disability inclusive household surveys and censuses in Mongolia, Maldives, Tajikistan, and Kyrgyz Republic through use of the Washington Group Short Set of questions.
- **UNICEF** developed and piloted an Administrative Data Maturity Model to assess how national data systems are supporting children's development and identify high-impact investments in data systems.
- **UNFPA** collaborated with the UNECA and others to launch a [new portal](#), capturing disaggregated data and evidence across all African countries to advance SDG tracking and implementation.
- **UN Women** supported rapid gender assessments in 70+ countries to capture the gendered impacts of COVID-19 and advanced the production and use of gender data through the [Women Count program](#).



Increased visibility and awareness of inclusive data

- **CBM Global** strengthened action and coordination on disability data by advocating for better disability inclusion in the Global SDG indicator framework.
- **Data2X** calculated a \$500 million financing gap for gender data per year and outlined steps for donors to take in the [State of Gender Financing](#) report.
- **Paraguay's National Institute of Statistics** became an IDC Champion, committing to advancing data on women, indigenous people, persons with disabilities, and migration.



Saw broader engagement and action being taken on inclusive data

- **The CONGAD civil society network** and **Sightsavers** successfully advocated for the Government of Senegal to commit to the IDC through a [national advocacy campaign](#), engaging over 200 community representatives.
- 24 civil society organizations came together to develop the [Unequal Pandemic](#) report and advocate for more inclusive and equitable COVID-19 responses and recoveries.



Increased their capacity to collect, analyze, and make use of inclusive data

- **Kenya's Ministry of Public Service, Gender, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programs** deepened and accelerated their efforts to produce, analyze, and use timely, comprehensive, and disaggregated disability data through a new [IDC action plan](#).
- **Ghana Statistical Service** advanced gender mainstreaming across several administrative data systems and enhanced disability inclusion in the 2021 Population and Housing Census.
- **The Internal Displacement Monitoring Centre** identified the differentiated impacts of internal displacement on affected people and host communities in six countries.



Were supported by the IDC Secretariat to advance their inclusive data priorities

- **The Ministry of Basic and Senior Secondary Education of Sierra Leone** generated and used gender and disability inclusive data to implement the [radical inclusion policy](#).
- **The Office of the Chief Government Statistician of Zanzibar** increased awareness and action on gender-based violence by generating and disseminating new data, alongside assessing institutional capacity on gender statistics.
- **The UK Office for National Statistics** brought a cross-organizational focus on inclusive data by launching the [Inclusive Data Taskforce](#) and adopting its recommendations.

** Data and examples generated through the annual IDC Champion survey completed in November 2021 with a 70% completion rate. For more information, read [Champions' individual submissions](#).*

Over half of IDC Champions

plan to build on their inclusive data commitments or update their action plans in 2022.

[Join us and take action by committing to the Inclusive Data Charter.](#)

